

Thunderstorm

This application demonstrates the advanced visualization and data exploration capabilities of IDL's OpenGL-based Object Graphics System. The data consists of temperature, pressure, and wind velocity samples for a simulated storm front model in three (x, y, z) spatial dimensions. This is analogous to measuring three parameters (pressure, temperature and wind velocity) in evenly spaced (x, y, z) locations of a room. Each measured parameter consists of a "brick" or volume of data, thus we have three "bricks" of data to display.

The thunderstorm simulation is also available in another form on Microsoft Windows systems. To see the thunderstorm simulation in an example integrating Visual Basic and the IDL ActiveX control install the "tstorm" application by running the program RSI\IDL52\examples\tstorm\setup.exe.

In addition to these advanced visualization capabilities, the array-based nature of IDL facilitates the analysis of complex, multidimensional data. If desired, all dimensions of complex data may be stored and processed in a single array.

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The following types of visualizations can be shown.

- Images obtained from cross-sections of the data.
- Vector plots of velocity at a given location.
- Volume rendering of a variable throughout the data set.
- Isosurfacing of a variable.
- Ribbons for the display of vector data.

The data available for use in the demo:

Ρ

Air pressure pertubation (millibars).

Т

Potential temperature pertubation (difference from mean in degrees Kelvin.

U

Wind field west to east (meters/second).

V

Wind field south to north (m/sec).

W

Wind field vertical velocity (m/sec).

(Note that the variable M shown in the visualization is a computed value based on U, V, and W.)

Menu Options

File Menu

Select Quit to exit the Demo and return to the IDL Demo system.

About Menu

Select "About Thunderstorm Visualization" for detailed information about the Thunderstorm Demo.

Features

Velocity Field Planes: X, Y, Z droplists

Control the display of velocity information for each plane. The display of velocities can be shown as vectors, as an image, or turned off.

Velocity Field Planes: X, Y, Z, Plane sliders

Control the location of the plane in which velocity information is to be displayed.

Vector Sampling button group

Choose "Even" or "Random" sampling for the display of velocity vectors.

Sample Every Nth text entry field

Set the density of the sampling for the display of velocity vectors.

Total Number of Samples text entry field

Set the total number of velocity vectors to be displayed when using random vector sampling.

Vector Length text entry field

Set the length of the velocity vectors.

Vrend vol droplist

Choose the volume to be rendered. "P" represents air pressure perturbation in millibars. "T" represents potential temperature perturbation, or the difference from mean in degrees Kelvin. "M" represents the magnitude of the wind velocity.

Vol Render button

Display the volume rendering selected with the "Vrend vol" droplist.

Img vol droplist

Select "P", "T", or "M" to display air pressure, temperature, or the magnitude of wind velocity when the Field Planes droplists are set to "Image".

Iso vol droplist

Select the data set to be displayed as an isosurface, using the same settings as in the "Img vol" droplist.

Level slider

Set the data value to be used for the isosurface.

IsoShow check box

Check this box to display the isosurface.

Transparency Min. slider

Adjust the minimum value used for transparency in the display of the field planes when the field plane display is set to "Image".

Transparency Max. slider

Adjust the maximum value used for transparency in the display of the field planes when the field plane display is set to "Image".

Clear Streamlines button

Remove the display of streamlines. Streamlines are created by clicking the right mouse button (or emulated right mouse button) on a field plane image or isosurface.